

Hunan Huayuan display technology CO.,LTD

TFT187A

2.8inchTFT SPECIFICATION

Standard code	Department	Rev No.
HY320240-2.8P05	X COLL	A/0
Checked by	Written by	Date
	5	2015-08

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2. Revision Record

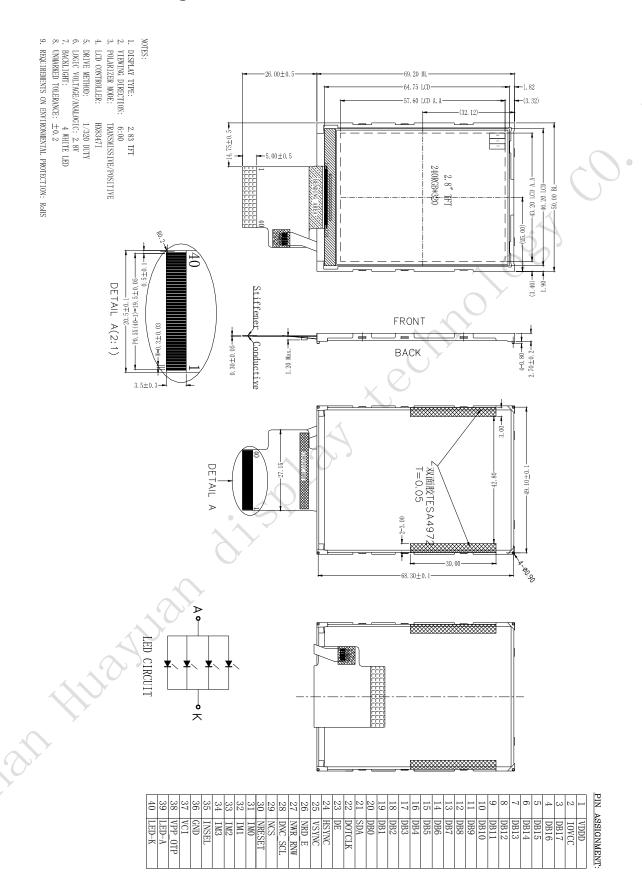
Date	Rev.No.	Page	Revision Items	Prepared
			SPINA	500

3. General Specifications

TFT187A is a TFT-LCD module. It is composed of a TFT-LCD panel, driver IC, FPC, a back light unit. The $2.8^{\prime\prime}$ display area contains 240×320 pixels and can display up to 262K colors. This product accords with RoHS environmental criterion.

LCD Type	Contents	Unit	Note
-0,,,,	TFT	-	
Display color	262K	12	
Viewing Direction	6	O'Clock	
Gray scale inversion direction	12	O'Clock	
Operating temperature	-20~+70	$^{\circ}$	
Storage temperature	-30~+80	$^{\circ}$	
Module size	Refer to outline drawing	mm	
Active Area(W×H)	43.20X57.60	mm	
Number of Dots	240×320	dots	
Controller	HX8347I	-	
Power Supply Voltage	3.3	V	
Outline Dimensions	Refer to outline drawing	-	
Backlight	1X4-LEDs (white)	pcs	
Weight		g	
Interface	RGB666	-	

4. Outline Drawing



5. Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

5.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings.(Vss=0V,Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	3.6	V	1, 2

Notes:

- 1. If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged. Using the module within the following electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the module will malfunction and cause poor reliability.
- 2. $V_{CC} > V_{SS}$ must be maintained.

5.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings.

	Stor	age	Operat		
Item	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	Note
Ambient Temperature	-30℃	80℃	-20℃	70℃	1,2
Humidity	-	23	-	-	3

- 1. The response time will become lower when operated at low temperature.
- 2. Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature.

The phenomenon is reversible.

3. Ta<=40°C:85%RH MAX.

Ta>=40°C:Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C.

6. Electrical Specifications and Instruction Code

6.1 Electrical characteristics(Vss=0V ,Ta=25°C)

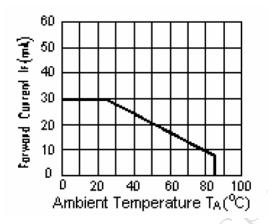
Parame	ter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power su	pply	VCC	Ta=25℃	2.8	3.0	3.3	٧	
Input	'H'	V _{IH}	V _{CC} =3.0V	0.8V _{CC}	-	V _{CC}	V	
voltage	'L'	V _{IL}	V _{CC} =3.0V	0	-	0.2V _{CC}	V	
Current Consumption		I _{CC1}	Normal mode	-	8	15	mA	1
		I _{CC2}	Sleep mode	-	0.05	0.1	mA	1

6.2 LED backlight specification(VSS=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	Vf	If=20X4mA	-	3.0	-	V	
Uniformity	∆Вр	If=20X4mA	80			%	
Luminance for LCD	Lv	If=20X4mA	-	300		Cd/m2	

Note:

LED power consumption is around 0.132W.



ILED VS TEMP

6.3 Interface signals

NOTE:

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	VDDD	Р	Output from internal logic voltage
2	IOVCC	Р	Digital I/O pad power supply
3-20	DB17-DBO	I	data bus
21	SDA	I	Serial data Input / Output pin in serial bus system interface
22	DOTCLK	I	Data clock
23	DE	I	Data enable pin
24	HSYNC	I	Line sync signal
25	VSYNC	I	Frame sync signal
26	RD	I	Read enable pin I80 parallel bus system interface
27	WR-SCL	I	/WR: Write enable pin I80 parallel bus system interface SCL: Serial data clock in serial bus system interface(IFSEL=0)
28	DNC-SCL	I	DNC: Command / parameter or display data selection pin SCL: Serial data clock in serial bus system interface(IFSEL=1)
29	CS	ı	Chip select signal
30	RESET	I	System Reset
31-34	IM0-IM3	I	System interface select
35	INSEL	ناح	Interface format select pin 0: Register-content interface mode 1: Command-parameter interface mode
36	GND	Р	Ground.
37	VCI	Р	Power supply
38	VPP_OTP	Р	Power supply pin used in OTP program mode
39	VLED+	Р	LED back light(Anode)
40	VLED-	Р	LED back light(Cathode)

			<u> </u>		
	IM3	IM2	IM1	IMO	Interface
	0	0	0	0	8080 MCU 16-bit Parallel type I
	0	0	0	1	8080 MCU 8-bit Parallel type I
	0	0	1	0	8080 MCU 16-bit Parallel type II
9	0	0	1	1	8080 MCU 8-bit Parallel type II
	0	1	0	ID	3-wire serial interface
	0	1	1	_	4-wire serial interface
	1	0	0	0	8080 MCU 18-bit parallel type I
	1	0	0	1	8080 MCU 9-bit parallel type I
	1	0	1	0	8080 MCU 18-bit parallel type II
	1	0	1	1	8080 MCU 9-bit parallel type II

7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Sy	mbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Brightness	I	Вр	<i>θ</i> =0°	-	300	-	Cd/m ²	1
Uniformity	_	∃Bp	Ф=0°	80	-	-	%	1,2
	3	:00		-	60	-		
Viewing	6	:00	0 > 40	-	60	-	_	0
Angle	9	:00	Cr≥10	-	60	-	Deg	3
	12	2:00		-	45	-	63	
Contrast Ratio		Cr	<i>θ</i> =0°	300	500	^	20	4
Response		Tr	Φ=0°	-	10	(E)	ms	5
Time		T _f		-	10) -	ms	5
	W	х			0.28		-	
	VV	у		X	0.33		-	
	ם	х		1	0.51		-	
Color of CIE	R	У	12	<i>y</i> 3	0.34		-	
Coordinate	G	х	θ=0°		0.31		-	1,6
	G	У	Ф=0°		0.56		-	
	D	х	9,		0.15		-	
	В	У,			0.14		-	
NTSC Ratio	3	S		50	60	-	%	

Note: The parameter is slightly changed by temperature, driving voltage and materiel

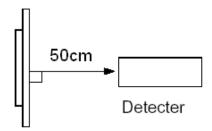
Note 1: The data are measured after LEDs are turned on for 5 minutes. LCM displays full white.

The brightness is the average value of 9 measured spots. Measurement equipment PR-705 (Φ8mm)

Measuring condition:

- Measuring surroundings: Dark room.
- Measuring temperature: Ta=25℃.
- Adjust operating voltage to get optimum contrast at the center of the display.

Measured value at the center point of LCD panel after more than 5 minutes while backlight turning on.

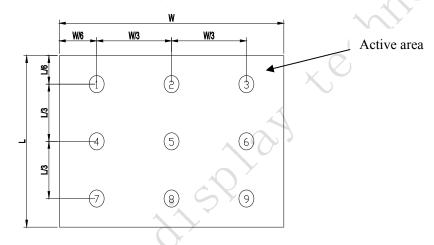


Note 2: The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

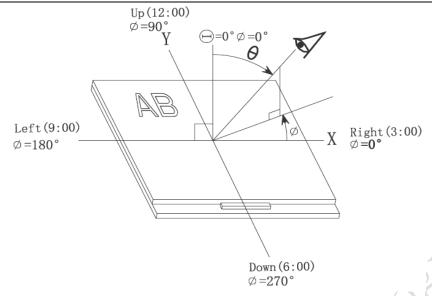
$$\triangle$$
Bp = Bp (Min.) / Bp (Max.)×100 (%)

Bp (Max.) = Maximum brightness in 9 measured spots

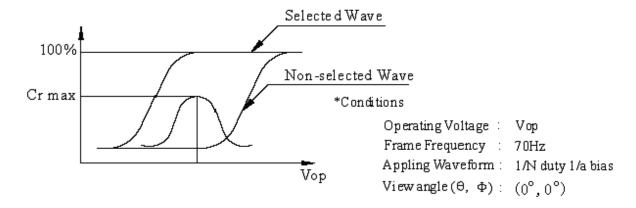
Bp (Min.) = Minimum brightness in 9 measured spots.



Note 3: The definition of viewing angle: Refer to the graph below marked by θ and Φ



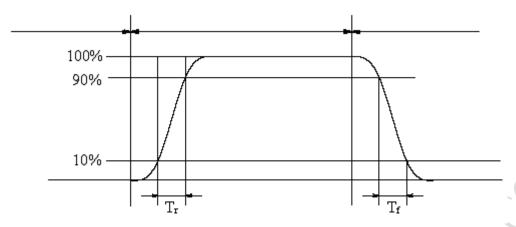
Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio.(Test LCD using DMS501)



Contrast
$$ratio(Cr) = \frac{Brightness\ of\ selected\ dots}{Brightness\ of\ non-selected\ dots}$$

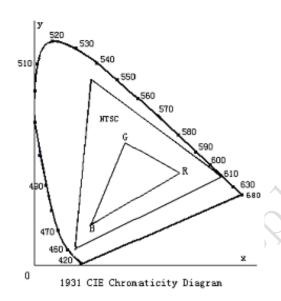
Note 5: Definition of Response time. (Test LCD using DMS501):

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white" (falling time) and from "white" to "black" (rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



The definition of response time

Note 6: Definition of Color of CIE Coordinate and NTSC Ratio.

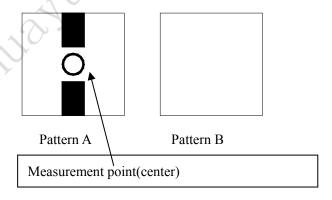


Color gamut:

$$S = \frac{area~of~RGB~triangle}{area~of~NTSC~triangle} \times 100\%$$

Note 7: Definition of cross talk.

Cross talk ratio(%)= pattern A Brightness-pattern B Brightness / pattern A Brightness*100



Electric volume value=3F+/-3Hex

8. Reliability Test Items and Criteria

No	Test Item	Test condition	Criterion
1	High Temperature Storage	80°C±2°C 96H Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	4
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30℃±2℃ 96H Restore 2H at 25℃ Power off	1. After testing
3	High Temperature Operation	70°C±2°C 96H Restore 2H at 25°C Power on	After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects should not
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20°C±2°C 96H Restore 4H at 25°C Power on	happen. 2. Total current consumption should not be more than twice
5	High Temperature/Humidity Operation	60°C±2°C 90%RH 96H Power on	of initial value.
6	Temperature Cycle	-30°C	
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s², 120min	Not allowed cosmetic
8	Shock Test	Half- sine wave,300m/s ² ,11ms	and electrical defects.

Note: Operation: Supply 2.8V for logic system.

The inspection terms after reliability test, as below

ITEM	Inspection
Contrast	CR>50%
IDD	IDD<200%
Brightness	Brightness>60%
Color Tone	Color Tone+/-0,05

9 Quality level

9.1 Classification of defects

Major defects (MA): A major defect refers to a defect that may substantially degrade usability for product applications, including all functional defects(such as no display, abnormal display, open or missing segment, short circuit, missing component), outline dimension beyond the drawing, progressive defects and those affecting reliability.

Minor defects (MI): A minor defect refers to a defect which is not considered to be able to substantially degrade the product application or a defect that deviates from existing standards almost unrelated to the effective use of the product or its operation, such as black spot, white spot, bright spot, pinhole, black line, white line, contrast variation, glass defect, polarizer defect, etc.

9.2 Definition of inspection range

For dot defect of TFT LCD which is not smaller than 3 inches, dividing three areas to make a judgment (according to figure 1).

A area : center of viewing area

B area : periphery of viewing area

C area : Outside viewing area

For other defects, dividing two areas to

Active Area(AA)

Active Area(AA)

Y1

A zone: Viewing Area(VA)

Figure 2

B zone

make a judgment (according figure 2).
A zone : Inside Viewing area

B zone : Outside Viewing area
X1(A.A~V.A): 2mm X2(A.A~V.A): 2mm

Y1(A.A~V.A): 2mm Y2(A.A~V.A): 2mm

9.3 Inspection items and general notes

0.0	-p		
General notes	Should any defects which are not specified in this standard happen, additional standard shall be determined by mutual agreement between customer and TIANMA. Viewing area should be the area which TIANMA guarantees. Limit sample should be prior to this Inspection standard. Viewing judgment should be under static pattern. Inspection conditions Inspection distance: 250 mm (from the sample) Temperature : 25±5 °C Inspection angle : 45 degrees in 6 o'clock direction (all defects in viewing area should be inspected from this direction)		
Inspection items	Pinhole, Bright spot, Black spot, White spot, Black line, White Line, Foreign particle, Bubble	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon doesn't change with voltage	
7	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage	
	Polarizer defect	Scratch, Dirt, Particle, Bubble on polarizer or between polarizer and glass	

Figure 1

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Dot defect (TFT LCD)	The pixel appears bright or dark abnormally when display
Functional defect	No display, Abnormal display, Open or missing segment, Short circuit, False viewing direction
Glass defect	Glass crack, Shaved corner of glass, Surplus glass
PCB defect	Components assembly defect

9.4 Outgoing Inspection level

Outgoing Inspection	Inspection conditions		Inspection				
standard	moposion conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit	IL	AQL	
Major Defects	See 9.3 general notes	5	See 9.	5	11)	0.65	
Minor Defects	See 9.3 general notes	\$	See 9.	5) =	0.65	
Note: Sampling standard conforms to GB2828							

9.5 Inspection Items and Criteria

Inspection items		Judgment standard				
		Category		Acceptable number		
		^		Calegory	A zone	B zone
				Ф<=0.10	Neglected	
	Black spot, White spot,	b \$	В	0.10<Ф<=0.2	1	
1	Pinhole, Foreign Particle, Particle	a	С	0.2<Ф	0	Neglected
	in or on glass, Scratch on glass	$\Phi = (a+b)/2(m$	D	-	-	
		10)	То	otal defective point(B,C)	1	
	23		Α	W<=0.02	Neglected	
	Black line, White	Width	В	0.02 <w<=0.03 L<=1.0</w<=0.03 	1	
2	line, and Particle Between Polarizer and	L:Length(mm)	С	0.03 <w<=0.05 L>1.0</w<=0.05 	0	Neglected
Dic	glass, Scratch on glass		D	0.05 <w, 1.0<l<="" td=""><td>0</td><td></td></w,>	0	
			То	otal defective point(B,C)	1	
3	Bright spot		any size		none	none
4	Contrast		А Ф<0.2		Neglected	Neglecte

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LCD MODULE

	Huayuan IFI18/A			L'	CD MODULE	<u> </u>
	variation	*	В	0.2<Ф<=0.3	2	d
		b	С	0.3<Ф<=0.4	1	
		$ \begin{array}{c} $	D	0.4<Ф	0	
			То	tal defective point(B,C)	3	(
5	Bubble inside cell			any size	none	none
	Polarizer defect	Scratch ,damage on polarizer, Particle on polarizer or between polarizer and glass.	Refer to item 1 and item 2.		C) • 1
6	(if Polarizer is	Bubble, dent and convex	Α	Ф<=0.1	Neglected	
	used)	CONVEX	В	0.1 <Ф<=0.2	000	Neglecte d
			С	0.2 <Ф	0	
		Stage surplus glass			,	1
	Surplus		B<=0.3mm			
7	glass	Surrounding surplus glass	Sh	ould not influence outline	dimension and ass	embling.
8	Open segment or o	open common	No	t permitted		
9	Short circuit		No	t permitted		
10	False viewing direction		No	t permitted		
11	Contrast ratio uneven		According to the limit specimen			
12	2 Crosstalk		According to the limit specimen			
13	Black /White spot(display)		Refer to item 1			
14	Black /White line(display)			fer to item 2		

	Judgment standard		
Inspection items	Category(application: B zone)	Acceptable	
		number	

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		all IIIIorA		LCD MODUL	
		i) The front of lead terminals	Α	a≤ t, b≤1/5W, c≤3mm	
		b t a	В	Crack at two sides of lead terminals should not cover patterns and alignment mark	
		ii) Surrounding crack-non-contact side	b <	Inner borderline of the seal	
	Glass	Inner border line of the seal Outer border line of the seal		Willo,	Max.3
15	defect crack	iii) Surrounding crack- contact side seal	×		defects allowed
		Inner border line of the seal Outer border line of the seal	b <	Outer borderline of the seal	
		iv) Corner	Α	a <= t, b <= 3.0, c <= 3.0	
	, . 1	w b	В	Glass crack should not cover patterns u and alignment mark and patterns.	
		C c			

Inspection items	Judgment standard
	Category(application: B zone)

LCD MODULE

Component soldering: No cold soldering, short, open circuit, burr, tin ball The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/3 width of the pin (Pic.1): the sheet component deviation: Pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2) lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead of permitted Component Com				
defect Connector soldering: Soldering tin is at contact position of the plug and socket is not permitted No foundation is scald Serious cave distortion on plug and socket contact pin is not permitted Glue on root of the speaker receiver and motor lead: The insulative coat of the lead must join into the PCB; the protected glue must envelop to the insulative coat. Glue on root of the speaker receiver and must join into the PCB; the protected glue must envelop to the insulative coat.			No cold soldering short open circuit burr, tin ball The flat encapsulation component position deviation must be less than 1/3 width of the pin (Pic.1); the sheet component deviation: Pin deviates from the pad and contact with the near components is not permitted (Pic.2) lead defect: The lead lack must be less than 1/3 of its width; The lead burr must be less than 1/3 of the seam; Impurities connect with the near leads is	Soldering pad Lead Component L1>0
	16		Soldering tin is at contact position of the plug and socket is not permitted No foundation is scald Serious cave distortion on plug and socket contact pin is not permitted Glue on root of the speaker receiver and motor lead: The insulative coat of the lead must join into the PCB; the protected glue must	Soldering tin is not permit in this area Soldering tin is not permit in this area Base Board Glue Lead
		,		

10. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

10.1 Handling Precautions

10.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock TEL:0755-27325331(**SHENZHEN**) 86-0731 28668968(**HUNAN**) www.huayuan-lcd.com

by dropping it from a high place, etc.

- 10.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 10.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 10.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 10.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 10.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 10.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 10.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - a. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
 - Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
 - c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
 - d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

10.2 Storage precautions

- 10.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 10.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

 0° C \sim 40° C Temperature:

Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- 10.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- 10.3 The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.